



## **DH10PF User Interface Manual**

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## 1 Introduction

The scope of this document is to provide a description of the physical user interface of the DS2's new Reference Design DH10PF in-home powerline adapter.

The DH10PF powerline adapter incorporates an AC filter and a rear socket. The purpose of this design is to facilitate the direct connection of the adapter to a wall power outlet without depriving the user of the use of this outlet.

The DH10PF powerline adapter provides a link between the powerline network and a Fast Ethernet 10/100M port and an auxiliary filtered output for other appliances. The design is such that on the one hand it avoids limiting the wall socket just for PLC purposes and on the other hand provides a filtered socket to avoid the adverse effects of appliances connected to it.

The adapter has two buttons and two LEDs that allow the user to configure a secure PLC network without using a computer and it will also indicate the estimated channel capacity at application layer in the receiver adapter. The main features covered are:

- One Button Security Setup: manual configuration of Fixed AP (Access Point) and automatic generation of an Encryption Key and a Network Identifier, used to guarantee network security, and exchange of these keys between adapters using only one button;
- Throughput indicator: with a three-colour LED, three different levels of estimated throughput at application layer will be shown in the receiver adapter;
- Manual factory reset.
- Stand-by mode.

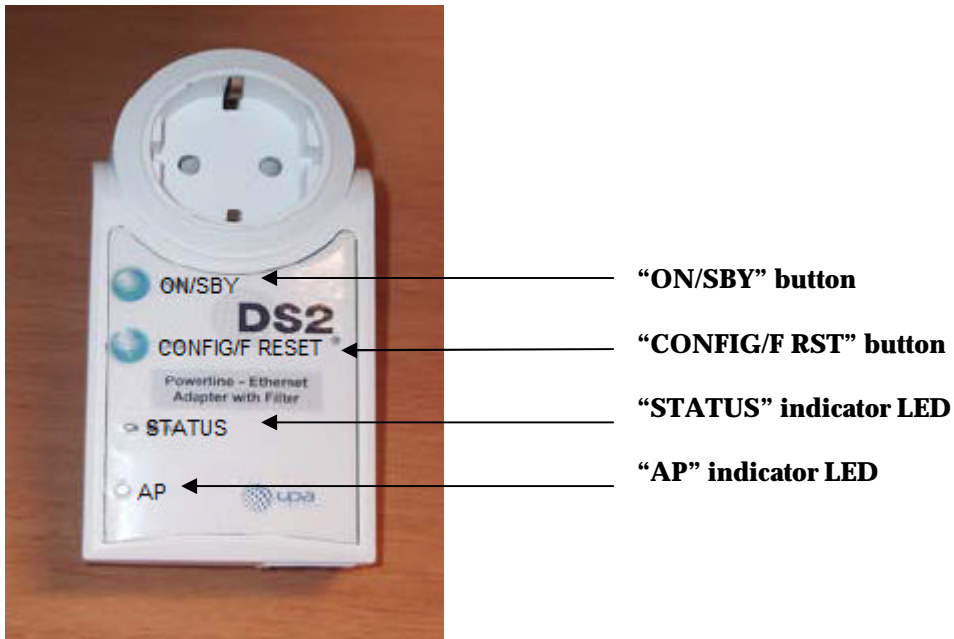
The minimum firmware level including the full set of above features for DH10PF is Spirit 2.2.7.

## 2 Adapter Description

### 2.1 Front panel description

Definition	Function
Power/Standby button (ON/SBY)	Used to switch the adapter between ON and STANDBY (minimum power consumption setting). Pressing the button again will turn on the adapter. By default adapter is ON when plugged.
Config /Factory Reset button (CONFIG/F RST)	Used to implement "One Button Security Setup" and "Factory Reset" features.
"STATUS" indication	LED indicates if adapter is powered ON/OFF and shows the application throughput level available in the link ("Throughput Indicator").
"AP" indication	LED indicates whether the device is configured as a Fixed AP (Access Point or master) or EP (End Point or slave).

The following photograph shows the front panel of the adapter.



The meanings of the various LEDs and buttons are given in the following tables:

**“STATUS” Indicator**

Colour	Adapter Status	Meaning
LOW RED	OFF (STANDBY)	Adapter is in Standby mode
RED	ON	Adapter is ON. If PLC link, Estimated Application Throughput < Threshold 1 (6Mbps = 1 SDTV)
ORANGE	ON	If PLC link, Threshold 1 (6Mbps = 1 SDTV) < Estimated Application Throughput < Threshold 2 (12Mbps = 1 HDTV)
GREEN	ON	If PLC link, Estimated Application Throughput > Threshold 2 (12Mbps = 1 HDTV)
BLINKING (in RED, ORANGE or GREEN)	ON	Traffic in the Ethernet port

**“AP” Indicator**

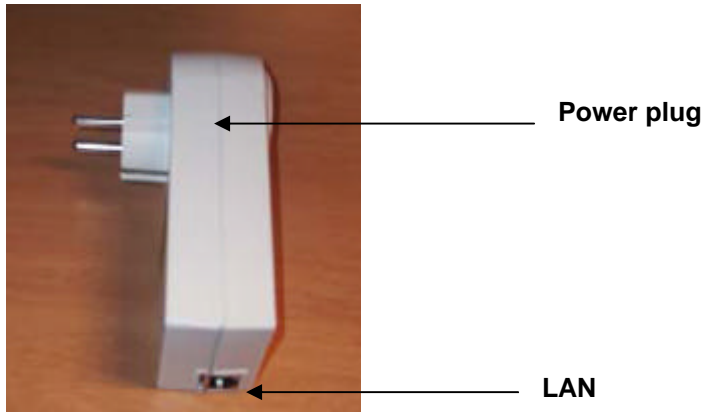
LED status	Meaning
OFF	Adapter configured as EP
ON	Adapter configured as Fixed AP (orange light)
BLINKING	Fixed AP in searching mode or EP in configuration mode.
3 FLASHES	AP has exchanged keys with EP, and it has finished its configuration

**Buttons:**

Button	Meaning
ON/SBY	Powers the adapter OFF (STANDBY) and powers it ON.
CONFIG/F RST	Configuration button when pressed 2 seconds. Also performs a factory reset when pressed for more than 8 seconds.

**2.2 Rear and lower connections**

The following photograph shows the power plug and LAN connections.



**Connector Definitions:**

**Power plug:** Power supply and powerline connector

**LAN:** 1x RJ-45 LAN10/100 Ethernet port

**3 Installing Powerline Adapters**

To connect **each** powerline adapter to a computer or other device (Set Top Box, DSL router, etc.), follow the steps listed below:

1. Connect the supplied Ethernet cable to the LAN port of the adapter and the other end to the Ethernet port of the device;
2. Plug the powerline adapter into any AC electrical outlet. After a few seconds it will be up and running.



## 4 One Button Security Setup (OBUS)

By default, powerline adapters come without a network identifier and without an encryption key. As a result, when they are plugged into the mains a new PLC network will be created (called public network). It will operate smoothly, but without a secure configuration. In other words, any nearby PLC adapter (wanted or unwanted) without network ID and encryption key connected to the same electrical grid will become part of this public PLC network. That is why it is recommended to configure a private PLC network (with a unique network identifier and encryption key) for guarantying the security of the home network.

### 4.1 Configuring a private powerline network

It is recommended to choose as Fixed AP the adapter that will be connected to the ISP broadband connection (i.e. DSL router, cable modem, etc.), if any, or to the data or media source device (i.e. Media Center PC, etc.). Only one Fixed AP must exist in the network.

To configure a private powerline network, perform the following steps:

1. The first step is to configure the Fixed AP adapter. Press the “CONFIG/F RST” button for around two seconds until the AP indicator starts blinking to configure the selected adapter as a Fixed AP. Random Network ID and Encryption Key will be generated automatically and auto-configured. The AP indicator LED of the adapter will be solid orange;
2. To add one or more EPs to the network, press the “CONFIG/F RST” button again in the AP adapter until its AP indicator starts blinking in order to open a configuration period (around 30 seconds);
3. During the configuration period of the AP adapter you must press the “CONFIG/F RST” buttons for two seconds in the EP adapters until their AP indicator starts blinking;
4. All the adapters complete the configuration process successfully when their AP indicator flashes three times for 0.5 seconds and they return to normal operation mode as EPs (their AP indicator will remain OFF). The only AP indicator that must remain ON is that of the AP adapter;
5. If there is more than one AP device or if there is no AP device, refer to Section 7.

### 4.2 Adding new powerline adapters to an existing private powerline network

To add additional powerline devices to an existing network, perform the following steps:

1. Identify which is the AP adapter in an existing PLC network. The AP adapter always shows its AP indicator ON in orange. The other adapters are EPs and their AP indicators will be OFF;
2. Next, press “CONFIG/F RST” button for around two seconds on the AP adapter until its AP indicator starts blinking. This opens a configuration period of 30 seconds;
3. During this configuration period, press the “CONFIG/F RST” button on the new EP adapter(s) until their AP indicator starts blinking, then release the button. Exchanging of Network ID and Encryption Key between AP and new EPs is done automatically. All the new adapters and the AP device finish their configuration process successfully when their AP indicator flashes three times during 0.5 seconds. All adapters then return to normal operation mode belonging to the same powerline network.



## 5 Factory reset procedure

Doing a Factory Reset, adapter's configuration parameters are set back to their factory default, perform the following steps:

1. Press an adapter's "CONFIG/F RST" button for at least eight seconds (its AP indicator will be blinking). When AP indicator switches OFF, release the button;
2. After five seconds, STATUS indicator will be also OFF;
3. At this time, the adapter resets its configuration to factory default settings and auto-reboots;
4. The adapter boots successfully and is configured as a new EP.

The most important factory settings in a DS2's powerline adapter are presented below, customers can change any factory setting parameter using API.

- Default IP is 10.10.1.69
- Default configuration password is "paterna"
- Default factory reset password is "betera"
- Default MAC mode is IHAV
- Default node type is End Point
- Default network ID is the public network ID
- Default Encryption Key is none.
- Default CoS configuration is none.

## 6 Status indicator

The *Status* indicator shows the estimated available level of throughput at application layer in function of the defined thresholds.

There are three levels of throughput indicated by three different colours of the LED. A particular adapter shows, with one colour, the throughput level with reference to the adapter sending the most data to it. In case of a network consisting of two adapters, they always show the level of throughput with reference to the other. However, in the case of a network of three or more adapters, each one internally measures the amount of bytes received from the other adapters in the network and only shows the level of throughput with reference to the one that is sending the most data.

A throughput estimator also keeps track of the number of neighbouring networks since available bandwidth will be divided between them when sharing the PLC channel.

The thresholds of application throughput are preconfigured in the system as shown in table below. However, they can be changed using SCP (Secure Configuration Protocol, that is DS2's layer 2 protocol) commands, Factory Settings or API to adapt them to customer's needs.

Colour	Meaning
RED	Estimated Application Throughput < Threshold 1 (6Mbps)
ORANGE	Threshold 1 (6Mbps) < Estimated Application Throughput < Threshold 2 (12Mbps)
GREEN	Estimated Application Throughput > Threshold 2 (12Mbps)
BLINKING in RED, ORANGE or GREEN	Traffic in the Ethernet port (for each estimated throughput level)

The parameters that control the thresholds internally in the system via SCP or Factory Settings are four (LED\_TH1, LED\_TH2, LED\_TH3 and LED\_TH4), and depending on the percentage of errors measured in the channel they will be chosen to show the quality level in next way:

Threshold1 corresponds to:

- LED\_TH3 for a percentage of errors in the channel lower than 5%
- LED\_TH1 for a percentage of errors in the channel equal or higher than 5%

Threshold2 corresponds to:

- LED\_TH4 for a percentage of errors in the channel lower than 5%
- LED\_TH2 for a percentage of errors in the channel equal or higher than 5%

The PLC adapter is only aware of the PHY layer, and therefore the internal thresholds are referred to that layer, not the application throughput.

The translation from PHY throughput to Estimated Application Throughput can be approximated by:

$$0.4 * \text{PHY} = \text{Application (if errors are } > 5\%)$$

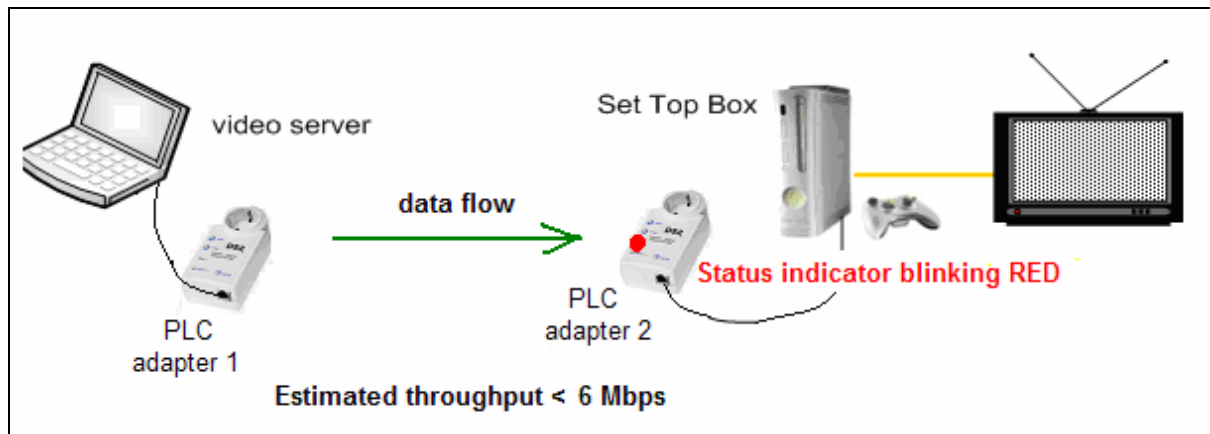
$$0.5 * \text{PHY} = \text{Application (if errors are } < 5\%)$$

That is why internally the default values for the thresholds (in Mbps) are the following. These values might be changed in order to fit customer requirements for *Status* indicator levels.

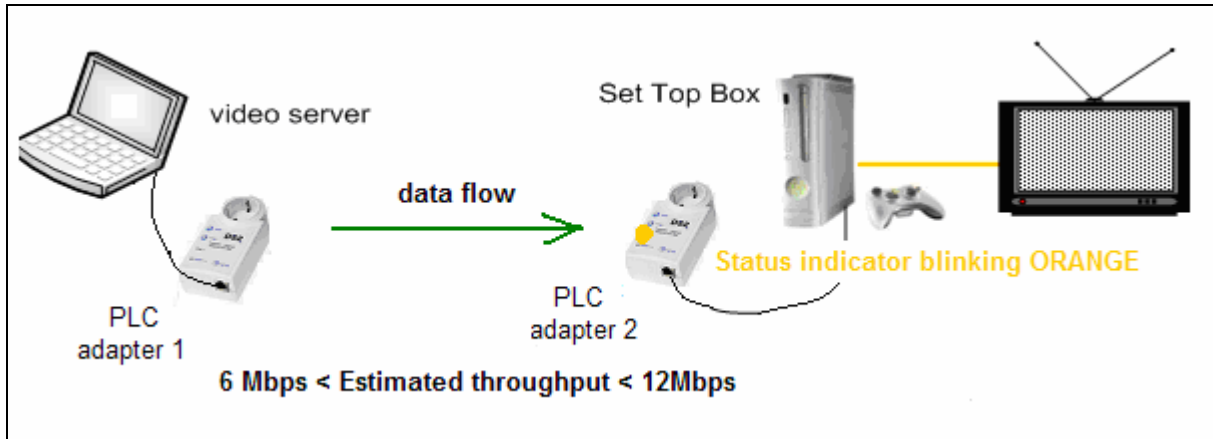
- LED\_TH1 = 15
- LED\_TH2 = 30
- LED\_TH3 = 12
- LED\_TH4 = 24

## 6.1 Point to point network

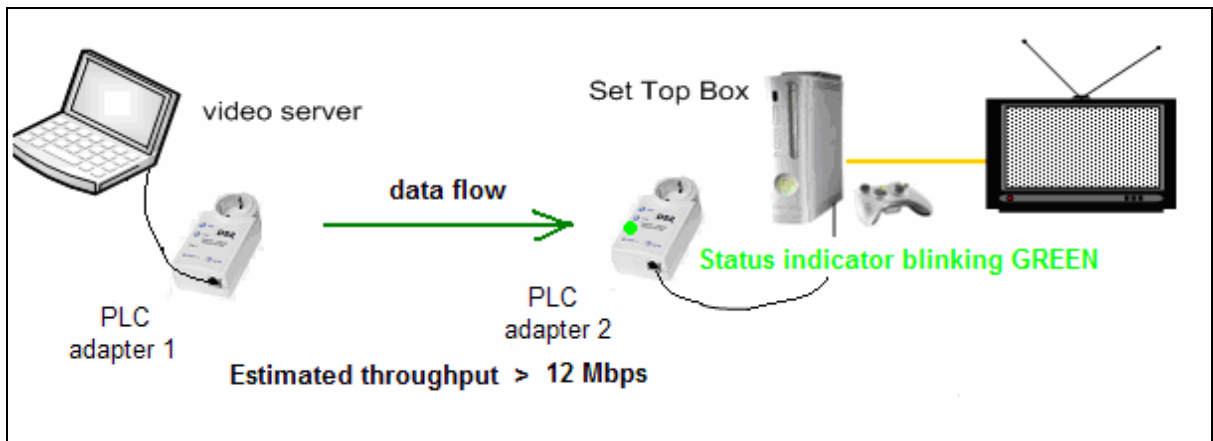
- Case 1: Estimated application throughput is less than 6 Mbps. The PLC channel is not able to transmit an SDTV channel. The *Status* indicator LED will be RED as shown in the following figure:



- Case 2: Estimated application throughput is greater than 6 Mbps but less than 12 Mbps. The PLC channel is able to transmit an SDTV channel, but not two SDTV channels simultaneously or one HDTV channel. The *Status* indicator LED will be ORANGE as shown in the following figure:

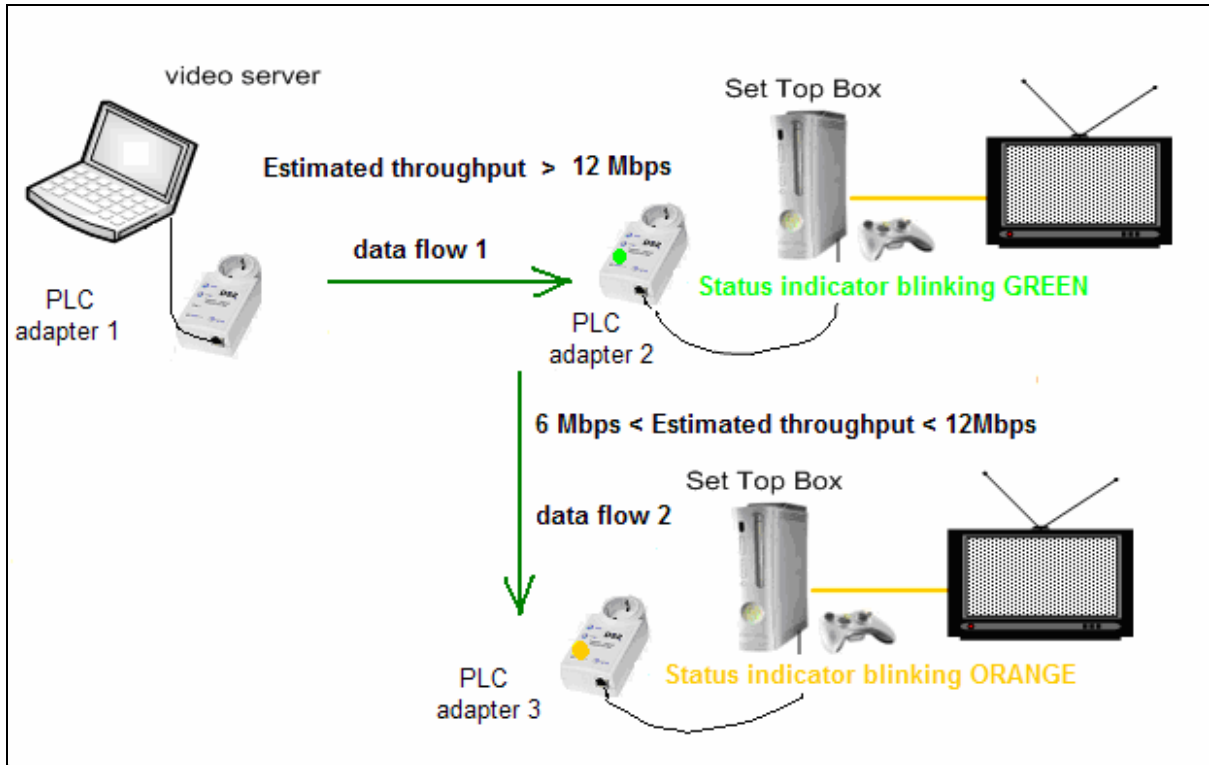


- Case 3: Estimated application throughput is greater than 12 Mbps. The PLC channel is able to play at least two SDTV channels or 1 HDTV. The *Status* indicator LED will be GREEN as shown in the following figure:

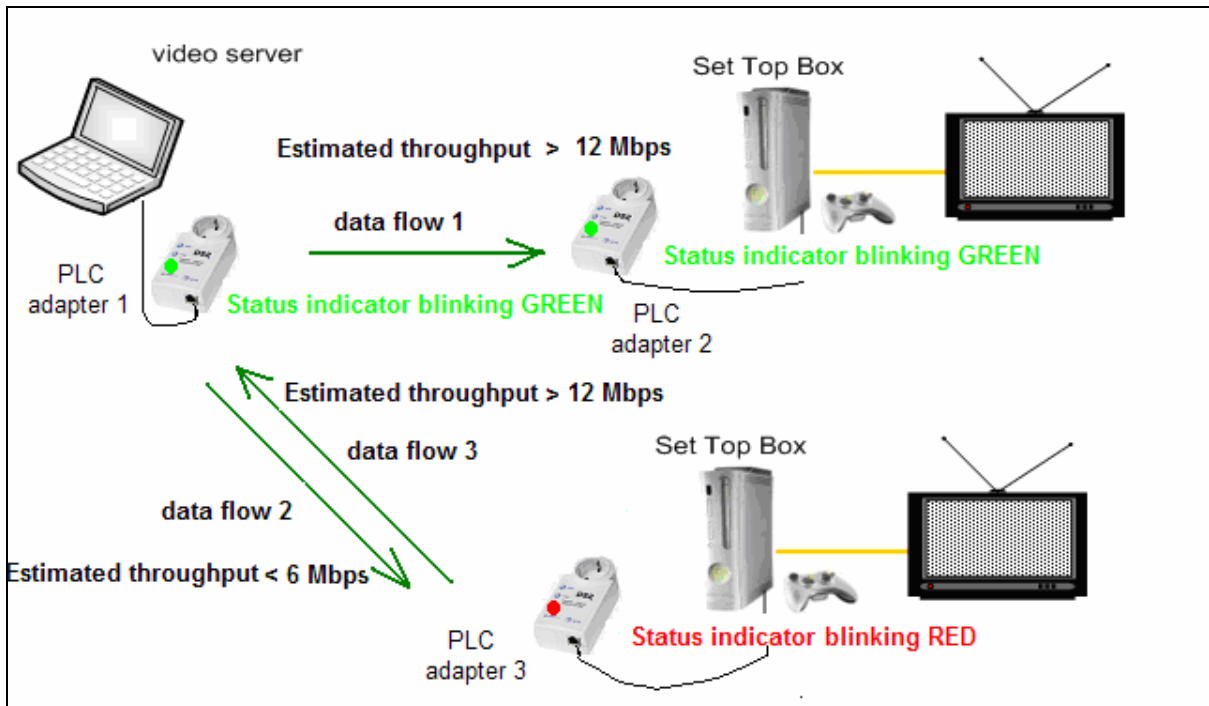


## 6.2 Point to multipoint network

In the case where the PLC network is composed of three or more adapters, similar situations could arise as with a point to point network. These are illustrated in the following figures:

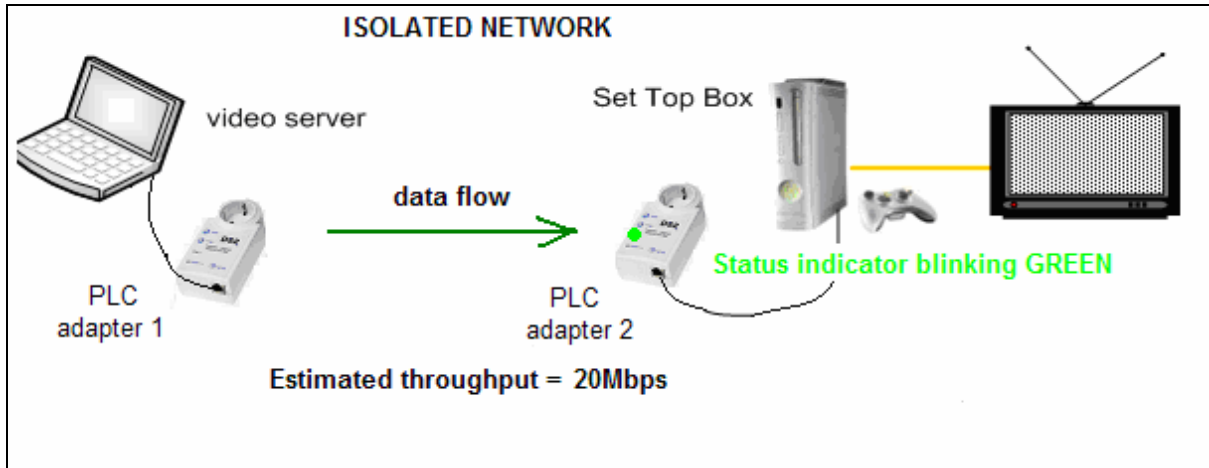


The *Status* indicator in each adapter will show the estimated application level of the PLC link from which it is receiving the most amount of traffic at any given time. The *Status* indicator in PLC adapter 3, for example, could be showing a level of throughput available from PLC adapter 2 for a period of time as illustrated in the figure above. However, traffic flow could change through user intervention and then the *Status* indicator in PLC adapter 3 could show the level with reference to the PLC adapter 1 link, as shown in the following figure.

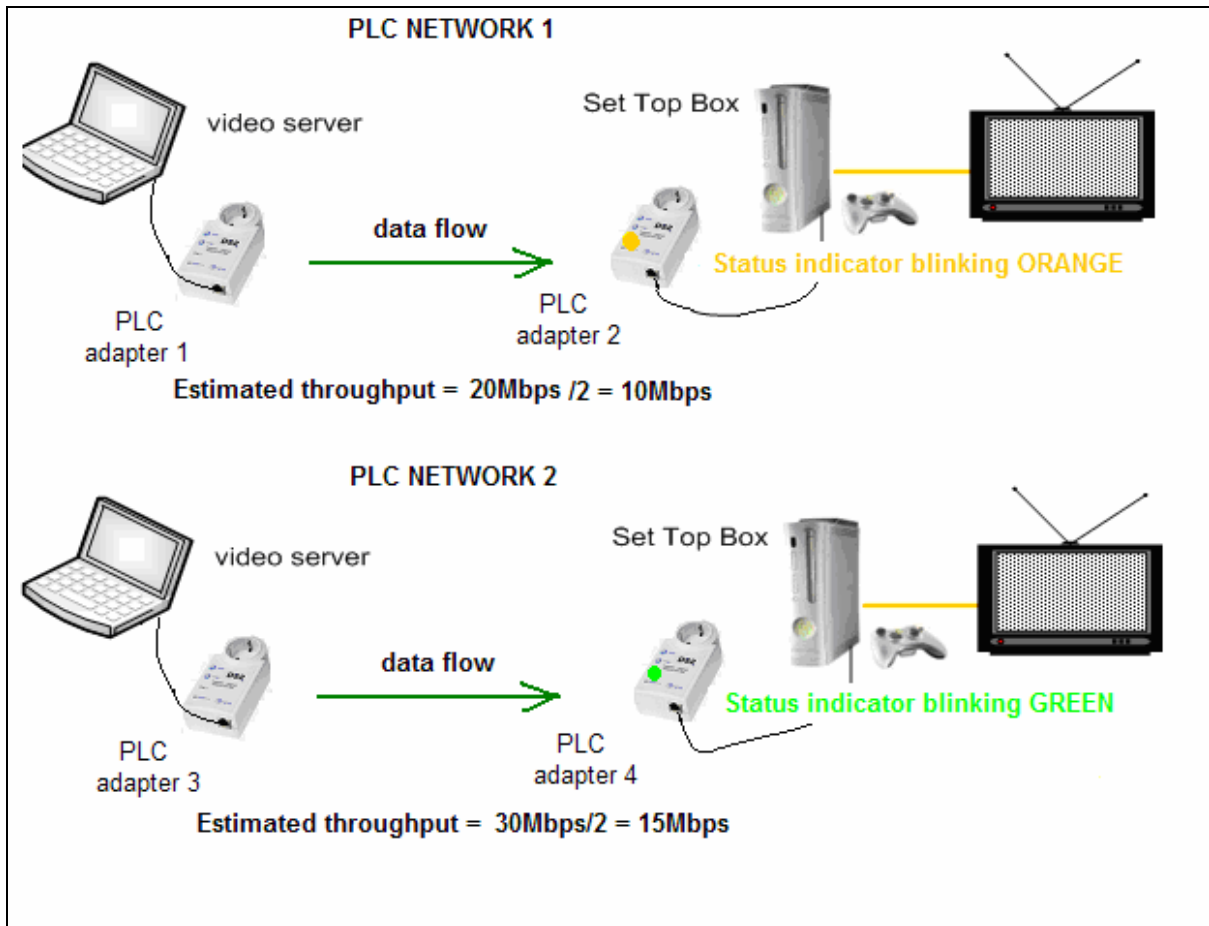


**6.3 Neighbouring networks**

The *Status* indicator also takes into account the possibility of having neighbouring networks. In such a case, the throughput evaluator will divide the available bandwidth in two when there is visibility between any two networks since the PLC channel must be shared on a time basis. In the following figure, an example of an isolated network is first shown.



In next figure, the previous network (network 1) sees a new neighbouring network (network 2), and a new evaluation of throughput is made to show the user that channel conditions have changed and available bandwidth has decreased:



## 7 Troubleshooting Guide

The powerline adapter has been designed to be a reliable and easy-to-use home network device. However, should you experience any problems, please refer to the list below to aid in troubleshooting.

1. There is more than one AP in the network because configuration protocol did not finish correctly:
  - There may be only one Fixed AP in a network. Verify that this is the case by examining the AP indicator LED for all adapters;
  - If there is more than one AP, it means that key exchange process has failed;
  - Perform a factory reset on the adapter you do not wish to be designated as an AP (see Section 5 for the Factory Reset procedure);
  - Repeat network configuration procedure again (see Section 4.2).
2. SDTV video streaming is not running:
  - Check the STATUS indicator LED in the adapter connected to the STB;
  - If the indicator is RED this means that the PLC link is not able to play a SDTV streaming;
  - Try to reposition the adapter in other outlet in order to obtain a ORANGE or GREEN indication;
  - If indicator is ORANGE or GREEN, it should now be able to play an SDTV video. Verify this by confirming that the STATUS indicator LED is blinking when the video is running. This means that there is activity in the Ethernet connector;
  - If the LED is not blinking check that the Ethernet cable is correctly connected;
  - If the LED is blinking and there is still no video streaming, check the settings in devices connected to the PLC adapters (STB, DSL router, PC, video server, etc.).
3. HDTV video streaming is not running:
  - Check the STATUS indicator LED in the adapter connected to the STB;
  - If the indicator is RED or ORANGE this means that the PLC link is not able to play a HDTV streaming;
  - Try to reposition the adapter in other outlet in order to obtain a GREEN indication;
  - If the indicator is GREEN, it should now be able to play a HDTV video. Verify this by confirming that the STATUS indicator LED is blinking when the video is running. This means that there is activity in the Ethernet connector;
  - If the LED is not blinking check that the Ethernet cables are correctly connected;
  - If the LED is blinking and there is still no video streaming, check the settings in devices connected to PLC adapters (STB, DSL router, PC, video server, etc.).

**Note:** If the HDTV video bandwidth is lower than 12Mbps, it may be possible to stream the video with an ORANGE STATUS indicator in some cases.

## 8 Safety advise



DH10PF integrated outlet is rated for maximum 16A (recommended maximum 10A).

Do not connect loads requiring higher currents.

## 9 Abbreviations

The following is a list of abbreviations used in this manual.

<b>Abbreviation</b>	<b>Meaning</b>
3DES	Triple DES
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
AP	Access Point
DES	Data Encryption Standard
EP	End Point
FW	Firmware
GUI	Graphical User Interface
HDTV	High Definition TV
ISP	Internet Service Provider
NetID	Network Identifier
NVRAM	Non-volatile RAM
PC	Personal Computer
PLC	Powerline Communications
SDTV	Standard Definition TV
STB	Set Top Box

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